

### PROBLEM 1

We are given the following information about a smooth function  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , whose expression is not known:

$$f(0, 1) = 1, f'_x(0, 1) = 0, f'_y(0, 1) = 0, f''_{xx}(0, 1) = 1, f''_{yy}(0, 1) = 0, f''_{xy}(0, 1) = -1.$$

1. Create the approximating polynomial  $P_2(x, y)$  of the second degree for  $f$  with the expansion point  $(x_0, y_0) = (0, 1)$ .
2. Justify that  $f$  has neither a local maximum nor a local minimum at the point  $(x_0, y_0) = (0, 1)$ .

### PROBLEM 2

A closed and bounded region  $M$  in the  $(x, y)$  plane is delimited by a circle given by the parametric representation

$$\mathbf{r}(u) = (\cos(u), \sin(u)), u \in [0, 2\pi].$$

We consider the function

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 + x.$$

1. Determine all stationary points of  $f$  in the interior of  $M$ .
2. Determine the expression of the composite function

$$f(\mathbf{r}(u)), u \in [0, 2\pi].$$

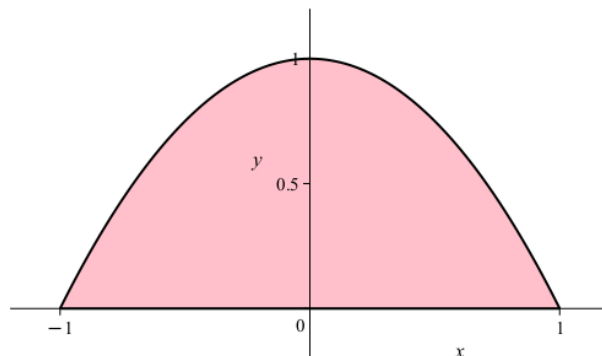
3. Determine the global minimum and the global maximum of  $f$  on  $M$ .

### PROBLEM 3

A region  $A$  in the  $(x,y)$  plane is given by

$$A = \{(x,y) \mid -1 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ and } 0 \leq y \leq 1 - x^2\},$$

see the figure.



Furthermore, a surface  $F$  is given by the part of the graph of the function

$$h(x,y) = 1 - y - x^2$$

that fulfills  $y \geq 0$  and  $z \geq 0$ .

- a) Provide a parametric representation of  $A$ .  
Provide a parametric representation of  $F$ . *Hint:* Find your own parametric representation of  $F$ , or justify that

$$\mathbf{r}(u,v) = (u, v(1 - u^2), 1 - v(1 - u^2) - u^2), \quad u \in [-1, 1], \quad v \in [0, 1]$$

is a possible parametric representation of  $F$ .

Let  $B$  denote the closed, spatial region that is located (vertically) between  $A$  and  $F$ .

- b) Provide a parametric representation of  $B$  and state the corresponding Jacobian function  $B$ .  
c) Compute the volume of  $B$ .

### PROBLEM 4

We consider the solid sphere  $K$  in  $(x,y,z)$  space that is centred at  $(0,0,0)$  and has a radius of 1.

1. State the volume of  $K$ .

We are given two vector fields by, respectively,

$$\mathbf{U}(x,y,z) = (x, y, z) \text{ and } \mathbf{V}(x,y,z) = (x^2 \cdot y, -x \cdot y^2, z^2).$$

- b) Compute the divergence of  $\mathbf{U}$  and of  $\mathbf{V}$ .  
c) Compute the flux of  $\mathbf{U}$  as well as of  $\mathbf{V}$  out through the surface of  $K$ .

End of the problem sheet.